56 year old woman with dyspnea

Courtesy of dr. Børge Schive, University Hospital of North Norway, Tromsø, Norway

Medical history

- Social history:
- cook, early retirement because of fibromyalgia, ex smoker 15 pack years, denies more than "normal" alcohol consumption
- Family history:
- 2 brothers and both parents with coronary heart disease
- Past medical history:
- fibromyalgia, psoriasis, hypothyroidism

2007

- exertional dyspnea for 6 months

- pulmonary scintigraphy (gp):
- V/P mismatch of the left upper lobe
- low values of protein c + s and antithrombin III
- diagnosed with pulmonary embolism
- CT abdomen:
- suggested liver cirrhosis with portovenous collaterals
- arterial blood gas: po2 11,2 kPa (11,0-14,0), pco2 4,26 kPa (4,70-6,00)
- ECG normal, normal chest x-ray, normal spirometry ESIM 2011, Saas-Fee

What now?

The liver

- extensive evaluation:
- clinical examination
- biochemistry neg (albumin in lower normal range)
- liver biopsy:
- no cirrhosis, but mild inflammation, early bridging fibrosis, mild steatosis and mild iron deposition
- gastroscopy: no varices
- gastroenterologist: biochemistry incl. AFP, ultrasound and clinical evaluation every 6-12 months

Dyspnea, lung emboli, liver cirrhosis of unknown cause

2008

worsening exertional dyspnea and also chest pain

- arterial blood gas:
- po2 10,2 kPa (11,0-14,0), pco2 3,79 kPa (4,70-6,00)
- cardiologist:
- coronary angiography neg.
- ECHO: neg
- pulmonologist:
- no findings suggesting a pulmonary disease as a cause of the dyspnea

2009

- dyspnea on minimal exertion
- scheduled follow-up, cardiologist:
- no dyspnea at rest
- normal echo, still no tricuspidal pulmonary valve insufficiency can't estimate PAP

Differential diagnosis? What to do next?

2010 - another echo

- patient complains of dyspnea when getting dressed, "can't do anything at home"
- normal echo
- arterial blood gas: po2 8,39 (11-14), pco2 3,69 (4,7-6,0)

What now?

Admitted

- CT thorax + abdomen (portovenous p.):
- no sign of pulmonary fibrosis
- AV malformation in left lower lobe and between the hepatic artery and the portal vein?
- new CT liver (three fases) and angio of the pulmonary artery: no sign of AVM.

Right sided cardiac catheterization:

- no sign of any shunt
- boarderline elevation of PCW-pressure at rest, significantly elevated with exertion

- new echo with agitated salt water:
- bubbles seen repeatedly on left side after
 5-6 cycles: intrapulmonary shunt

Diagnosis:

Hepatopulmonary syndrome -summer 2010 : liver tx -gradually feeling better, now no supplemental oxygen - last control normal blood gas at rest, almost no bubbles at contrast -stopped taking warfarin after liver tx